– Avoiding Eviction – 6/1/2020 –				
A step-by-step guide to protecting your right to housing				
This is for information only, for legal advice contact the legal assistance agencies on the back of this form				
<u>Tenant's Rights</u> - RIGHT TO HOUSING - You have a legally protected right to remain in your home until the date on a court ordered Marshal Eviction. - NO ILLEGAL EVICTIONS - You should call 9-1-1 to request assistance if you are locked out, your utilities are shut off by your landlord or your belongings are removed before the date on a court ordered Marshal Eviction.	<u>Tenant's Responsibilities</u> - PAYING RENT ON TIME - You are responsible for taking every step you can, as early as you can, to gather the resources to pay your rent on time. - FOLLOW TERMS OF LEASE - You are responsible for following the terms on your lease in good faith, including upkeep, noise, and prohibited activities.			
Landlord's Rights - RIGHT TO RENT - Your landlord has a right to receive rent each month as agreed in a lease, and to collect back rent owed. - RIGHT TO EVICT - Your landlord has a right request a court-ordered eviction of tenants for non-payment or violating a lease agreement, or after the end of a lease.	Landlord's Responsibilities - MAINTAIN SAFE HOUSING - Your landlord has a responsibility to provide safe, well maintained housing. - OBEY HOUSING LAW - Your landlord has a responsibility to follow all housing laws in good faith, and honor court ordered stays & arrangements.			

Step 1:	Step 2:	Step 3:	Step 4:	Step 5:	Step 6:
Behind on Rent or Struggling to Pay	You receive "Pay or quit Notice" (14 Days)	Eviction is Filed and you have a Court date	Your Day In Court	Court gives "Marshalls Notice" (14 Days)	Day of Court Ordered Eviction

Step 1:	What it means: If you get behind, your landlord may charge late fees or give a "Pay Or Quit Notice"
Behind on Rent or Struggling to Pay	 What you can do: Keep doing these steps throughout the process. Plan – Make a budget and figure out how much you can pay, and when. Gather resources – Apply for benefits, Seek employment, check on tax return & stimulus check. Negotiate – Talk to your landlord, explain your plan, ask for time to pay what you owe. Reach out – Don't go it alone! Contact a trusted friend, family member, or professional for emotional support. Who can help: Budgeting & Negotiation: <u>Financial Empowerment Center</u> (585) 252-7110 or <u>rochesterfec.org</u> Housing Questions and Advice: <u>Housing Council</u> - (585) 546-3700 or <u>thehousingcouncil.org</u> Food/utilities help <u>SNAP/HEAP</u>: Visit <u>ny.gov/services/apply-snap</u> or Call 1-800-342-3009 Temporary Income Assistance: Call the <u>Department of Human Services</u> (DHS) at 585-753-6960
Step 2: You Receive "Pay or quit Notice" (14 Days) *DHS Income Limits: 1 person 2126/month 2 person 2873/month 3 person 3620/month 4 person 4366/month + ~746/month for each extra person	 What it means: 14 days after the notice, your landlord can file eviction and get a court date. What you can do: Department of Human Services – Unless your income is too high*apply here first for Emergency Assistance 585-753-6960. If you are turned away, request your denial in writing. Apply for Financial Assistance - To qualify for most one-time financial assistance, you must prove that you can afford your on-going monthly rent after you get assistance. Who can Help: If you are denied by DHS or make too much these agencies may help. Catholic Family Center (CFC) – Call Community Resource Services at 585-232-2050 Community Place of Greater Rochester (CPGR) at 585-327-7200 Ext. 100 2-1-1/Lifeline – Call 211 or Text your Zipcode to 898-211 or chat on 211lifeline.org to access other financial assistance resources that may be specific to your area or situation
Step 3: Eviction is Filed, Court date is set.	 What it Means: Your Landlord has set a day in court to ask the court to evict you for non-payment. What you can do: Plan, Negotiate, Gather Resources, Apply for Financial assistance Prepare for court by seeking legal assistance Who can help: Get Legal assistance to prepare for court or answer other legal questions. Law NY Call 585-325-2520 or visit www.lawny.org/node/50/rochester-location Legal Aid Society Call 585.232.4090 or visit https://www.lasroc.org
Step 4: On the day of court	 What It Means: You and your Landlord will have the opportunity to work out a settlement, and a judge will make a decision about if and when your landlord can evict you. What you can do: Ask the court if there is an attorney available to represent you. Be prepared to present your case and prove it with documentation. Who can Help: There may be attorneys in court but be sure to seek help <i>before your court date.</i>
Step 5: You receive "Marshalls Notice"	 What it means: If the judge rules in your landlord's favor, they will grant a warrant of eviction which allows your landlord to have a marshal serve you a 14-day notice of eviction. What you can do: Apply for financial assistance for back rent or a security deposit for more affordable housing. Start looking for other affordable housing Who can help: Financial Assistance Agencies listed above.
(14 Days) Step 6:	 Contact 2-1-1 for help with problem solving and finding resources for Housing Search, Emergency food, and other resources you may need. What it means: You can no longer stay and an officer will ensure that you leave the property.
Day of court ordered Eviction	 What you can do: Pack your belongings to prepare & protect them Contact your support network for help with temporary housing & storage. Who Can help: If needed Contact <u>DHS</u> for emergency shelter - Call 585-753-6044 or 585-442-1742 After Hours